



The Fall of Rome and the Birth of Europe

Imperial Power and Christian Triumph

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Wednesday, April 9, 2025 - 12:00 p.m. to 1:15 p.m. ET

A TIMELINE

- 284-305: Diocletian and the Tetrarchy (Maximian, Galerius, Constantius Chlorus)
- 303-313: The Great Persecution
- 306: Death of Constantius Chlorus; Constantine (306-337) crowned Augustus in York
- 312: The Conversion of Constantine; Battle of Milvian Bridge, defeat and death of Maxentius
- 313: The 'Edict of Milan'; Donatist Schism in North Africa
- c.318/321: Outbreak of the 'Arian Controversy'
- 324: Constantine's conquest of the east, death of Licinius
- 325: Council of Nicaea (first ecumenical council); *homoousios*
- 330: Dedication of Constantinople
- 337: Baptism and death of Constantine; accession of Constantine II (337-340), Constans (337-350) and Constantius II (337-361)
- 361: Accession of Julian 'the Apostate' (361-363)
- 363: Persian Expedition, death of Julian
- 364: Empire divided between Valentinian I (364-375) and Valens (364-378)
- 378: Battle of Adrianople (death of Valens); accession of Theodosius I (379-395)
- 381: Council of Constantinople (second ecumenical council)
- 391-2: Anti-pagan legislation of Theodosius I
- 395: Death of Theodosius I, division of the empire between Arcadius (395-408) and Honorius (395-423)