

The Origins of Western Art: From The Paleolithic Through The Aegean Bronze Age

Renee Gondek

Tuesday, July 30, 2024 - 12:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m. ET

THE AEGEAN BRONZE AGE

Lecture 4

PERIODS / CHRONOLOGY

Crete

- Prepalatial / Early Minoan (EM I–III) = ca. 3000–2000 BCE
- Protopalatial / Middle Minoan (MM I–III) = ca. 2000–1700 BCE
- Neopalatial / Middle Minoan (MM IIIA–B) = ca. 1700–1600 BCE
- Late Minoan (LM)

LM IA-IB = ca. 1600–1450 BCE; LM II = ca. 1450–1400 BCE; LM IIIA–IIIC = ca. 1400–1100 BCE

Mainland Greece

- Early Helladic = ca. 3000 BCE
- Middle Helladic = ca. 2000–1600 BCE
- Late Helladic (LH)

LH I = ca. 1600–1500 BCE; LH IIA-B = ca. 1500–1400 BCE; LH IIIA-C = ca. 1400–1100 BCE

KEY ARTIFACTS / STRUCTURES FROM LECTURE

Cyclades and Cycladic Figurines

- 1. Cycladic head with paint (ca. 2500–2200)
- 2. Female figurines (ca. 2500–2000)

Crete and the Minoans

3. Palace of Knossos, Crete (ca. 1800–1400)

Throne Room (ca. 1550–1450); Queen's Megaron (ca. 1550–1450); Bull-leaping Fresco (ca. 1550–1450); Grandstand Fresco (ca. 1550–1450)

- 4. Harvester Vase, from Aghia Triadha, Crete (ca. 1550–1450)
- 5. Bull-head Rhyton, from Knossos, Crete (ca. 1550–1450)
- 6. Ivory acrobat (ca. 1700–1550)
- 7. Snake goddesses or attendants, from Knossos, Crete (ca. 1700–1550)

Mainland Greece and the Mycenaeans

7. Mycenae citadel, mainland Greece (ca. 1600–1200)

Lion Gate (ca. 14th–13th c.); Grave Circle A (ca. 1650–1450); Mask of Agamemnon (ca. 1550–1500); Treasury of Atreus (ca. 1300–1200)

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- Donald Preziosi and Louise A. Hitchcock, Aegean Art and Architecture
- Sinclair Hood, The Arts in Prehistoric Greece
- Reynold Higgins, Minoan and Mycenaean Art
- Elizabeth French, Mycenae: Agamemnon's Capital



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