# THE ORIGINS OF WESTERN ART: FROM GREEK ART TO THE EARLY CHRISTIAN PERIOD

## THE EARLY [ROMAN] CITY THROUGH LATE ANTIQUITY

Lectures 3-4

#### PERIODS / CHRONOLOGY

- Republican Period = 509–27 BCE
- Roman Empire =
  - Julio-Claudian: 27 BCE 68 CE
  - Flavian: 69–96
  - Nerva-Antonine: 96–192
  - Severan: 193–235
  - Soldier Emperors: 235–285
  - Diocletian and the Tetrarchy: 285–313
  - Constantinian: 313–363



Primaporta Augustus, from Villa of Livia (Primaporta), early 1st c. CE copy of bronze of ca. 20 BCE, Marble, 6'8" high, Vatican Museum

### **KEY ARTIFACTS / STRUCTURES FROM LECTURE**

Republican Period – Lecture 3

- *Sculpture*: Aulus Metellus [aka Arringatore] (ca. 90–70 BCE); Veristic portrait busts (ca. 1st c. BCE); Tivoli General (ca. 75–50 BCE); Pseudo-Athlete (early 1st c. BCE); Pompey the Great and Julius Caesar portrait busts (ca. 55–44 BCE)
- Architecture: Temple of Portunus (ca. 75 BCE); Sanctuary of Fortuna Primigenia (late 2nd c. BCE)

Roman Wall Painting – Lecture 3

— First Style, Second Style, Third Style, Fourth Style (1st c. BCE to 79 CE)

The Roman Empire – Lecture 4

- Julio-Claudian: Primaporta Augustus (ca. 20 BCE); Ara Pacis (13–9 BCE)
- Flavian: Vespasian portrait (75–79 CE); Colosseum (ca. 70–80 CE)
- *Nerva-Antonine*: Trajan portrait (ca. 108–117 CE); Column of Trajan (dedicated in 112 CE); Hadrian portrait (ca. 117–120 CE); Pantheon (118–125 CE)
- The Tetrarchy: Columnar portraits of four tetrarchs (ca. 300 CE)
- Constantinian: Head of Constantine (ca. 315–330 CE); Arch of Constantine (ca. 312–315 CE)
- Early Christian Period: Sarcophagus of Junius Bassus (359 CE); Santa Sabina (ca. 432 CE)

#### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS:**

F.S. Kleiner, A History of Roman Art

S. Tuck, A History of Roman Art

D.E.E. Kleiner, Roman Sculpture

R. Ling, Roman Painting

A. Claridge, *Rome* (\* best archaeological guide for Rome)

© my favorite book = P. Zanker, The Power of Images in the Age of Augustus

